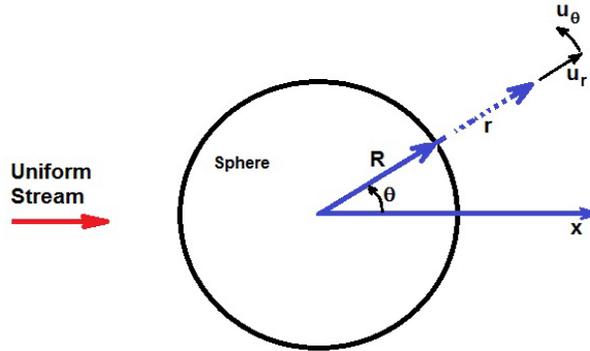


Solution of Problem 122B:

The potential flow around a sphere is generated by the superposition of a point doublet whose potential flow has the form $B \cos \theta / r^2$ and a uniform stream, Ux : Therefore



$$\phi = Ux + \frac{B \cos \theta}{r^2} = \cos \theta \left\{ Ur + \frac{B}{r^2} \right\} \quad (1)$$

It follows that the velocities in the r and θ directions, u_r and u_θ , are

$$u_r = \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial r} = \cos \theta \left\{ U - \frac{2B}{r^3} \right\} \quad (2)$$

$$u_\theta = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \theta} = -\frac{\sin \theta}{r} \left\{ Ur + \frac{B}{r^2} \right\} \quad (3)$$

But on the surface of the sphere, $r = R$, we must have $u_r = 0$. Therefore

$$U - \frac{2B}{R^3} = 0 \quad \text{and therefore} \quad B = \frac{UR^3}{2} \quad (4)$$

Hence

$$u_\theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{r} \left\{ Ur + \frac{UR^3}{2r} \right\} \quad (5)$$

and on the surface

$$\{u_\theta\}_{r=R} = -\frac{\sin \theta}{R} \left\{ UR + \frac{UR}{2} \right\} = -\frac{3U}{2} \sin \theta \quad (6)$$

and therefore the ratio of the maximum velocity on the surface to the uniform stream velocity is $3/2$.